



Multi-Step Fisher-Lee: A new tool to predict transport mechanism transition in molecular junctions.

Sylvain Pitié^a, Yannick J. Dappe,^b François Maurel^a, Jean-Christophe Lacroix^a and Mahamadou Seydou.^a

^aUniversité de Paris, ITODYS, CNRS-UMR 7086, 15 rue J.-A. de Baïf, 75205 Paris Cedex13, France.

^bSPEC, CEA, CNRS, Université Paris-Saclay, CEA Saclay, 91191 Gif-sur-Yvette Cedex, France

Abstract:

In the past decade, research groups took advantage of the progress on the growth of molecular junction to explore the electronic transport properties in different regimes (non-resonant tunneling, hopping, resonant-tunneling, etc...) by measuring their electric properties while varying the molecular length¹. While the existing theories correctly describe the transport in the non-resonant tunneling regime (*i.e.* for short molecules), there is no reliable model to connect the regimes to each other². Here, we present a new methodology based on the Non-Equilibrium Green Function (NEGF) combined to the Fisher-Lee formalism³ within a semi-classical approach, to predict the transport mechanism transition between the non-resonant tunneling and the following regimes. This new approach labeled Multi-Step Fisher-Lee (MSFL)⁴ consists in comparing a direct tunneling mechanism to a multistep tunneling in the Fisher-Lee formalism. We have applied it to a wide range of molecular junctions and the obtained results are in a good agreement with experimental measurements. This work opens perspectives for a better understanding of the transport mechanism in molecular junctions.

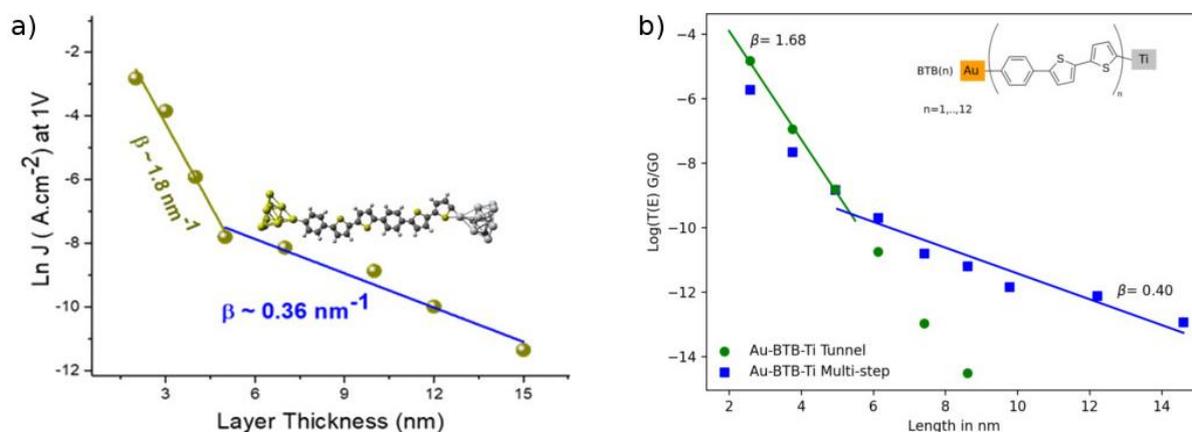


Figure: Comparison of a) experimental⁵ results and b) our results using the MSFL method for the molecular junction Au-BTB-Ti.

References:

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3. Pitié S *et al.* Fast Fisher-Lee approach for conductance calculations on BTB-based molecular junctions: effects of isomerization and electrode coupling. *Journal of chemical Theory and Computation.* Published online submitted.
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